

MODEL: SATURN 2000
2000KW, 480V, 3P, 60H
PARTS #:

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DESCRIPTION

Simplex Planet Series Load Banks are precision test instruments specifically designed to apply discrete, selectable electrical load to a power source while measuring the response of the generator to the applied load. They also provide a means for routine maintenance exercise to assure long term reliability and readiness of the standby generator. Exercise Load Banks eliminate the detrimental effects of unloaded operation of diesel engine generators.

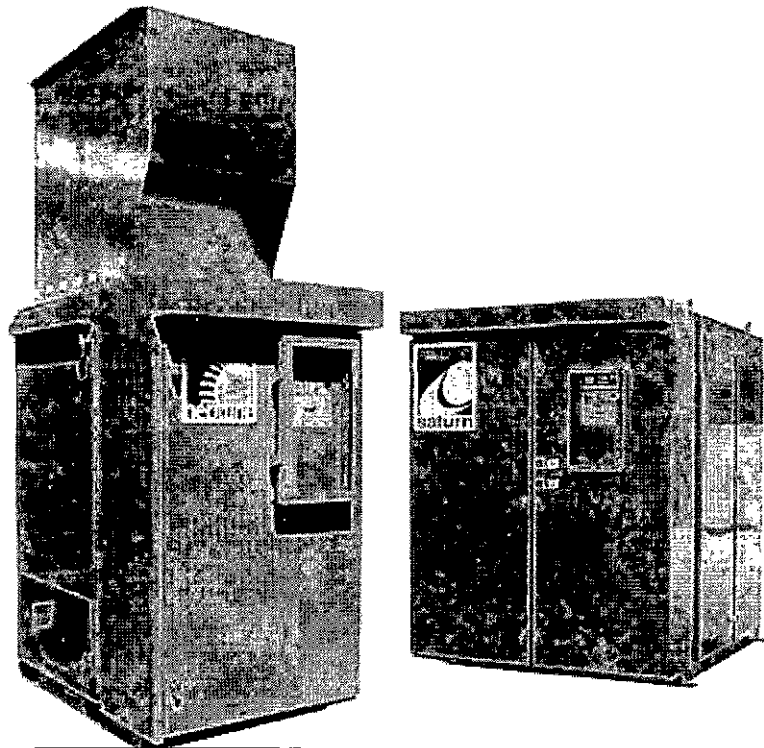
Planet Series Load Banks are available in various cabinet designs and capacities. Standard cabinets are rated as NEMA Type 3R outdoor weatherproof but are also available as NEMA Type 1 indoor. If desired, the Load Bank can be mounted on a trailer.

Power source testing is accomplished by applying resistive load steps at unity (1.0) power factor. *See the Load Bank Specifications Sheet in the front of this manual for the rating of your Load Bank.*

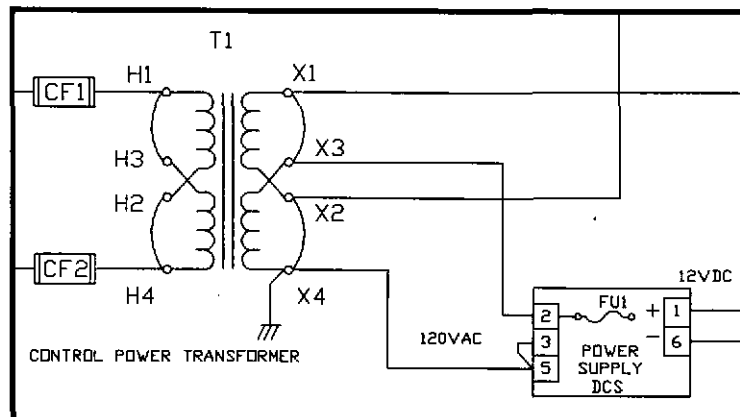
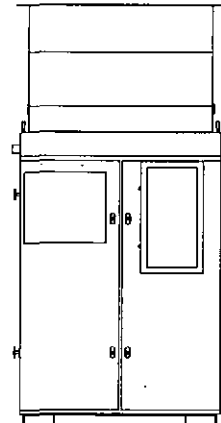
The photographs in this manual are examples only and may differ from your Load Bank.

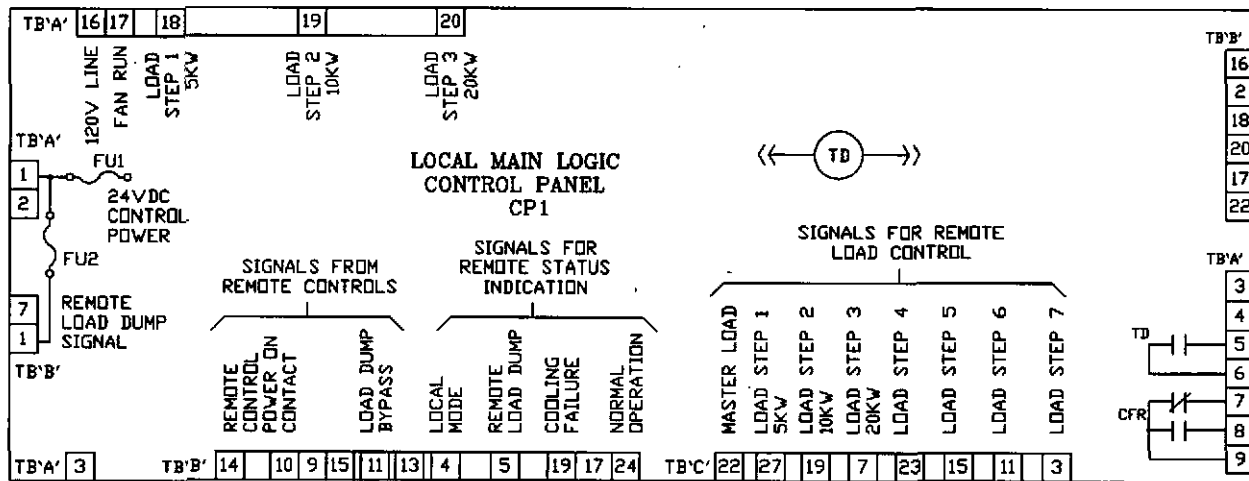
Load application is by magnetic contactor. All load branch circuits are protected by 200,000AIC class-T fuses.

Operating controls are located on Local and Remote Control Panels. The Control Panels contain printed circuit boards with 24VDC components. DC control power is supplied to the printed circuit boards by a 24VDC power supply located in the Load Bank. Common serviceable components include Control Fuses (CF1-CF2) and Power Supply Fuse (FU1). Lamps on the control panels indicate the Load Bank operating status. Control priority is determined by the "Load Bank Mode" selector switch: Off, Local-Manual, Local-Auto, Remote.



LOAD BANK	CAPACITY
Ceres (LBS-A)	5-60KW
Comet (LBS-B)	70-200KW
Mercury	5-400KW
Triton	150-400KW
Trident	450-750KW
Neptune	250-650KW
Mars	700-1400KW
Saturn	1500-3000KW





The Load Bank consists of three principal systems:

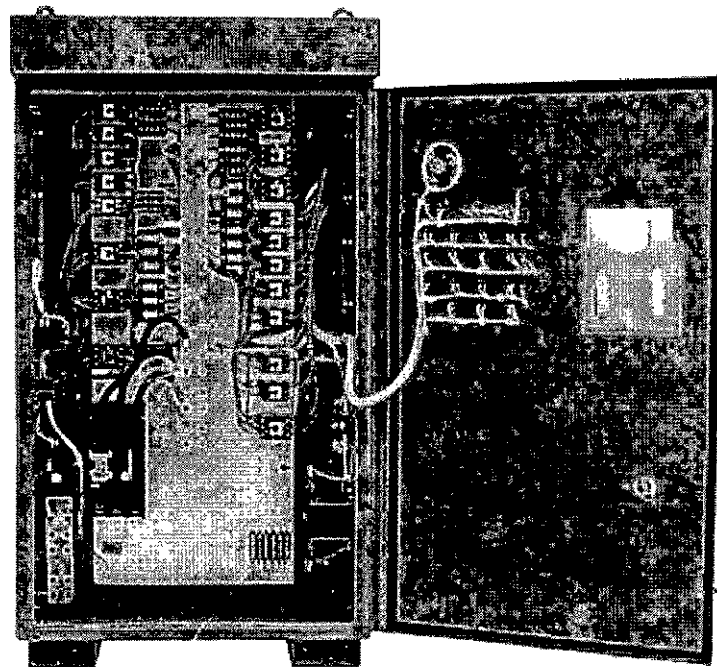
1. Control System
2. Cooling System
3. Load System

CONTROL SYSTEM

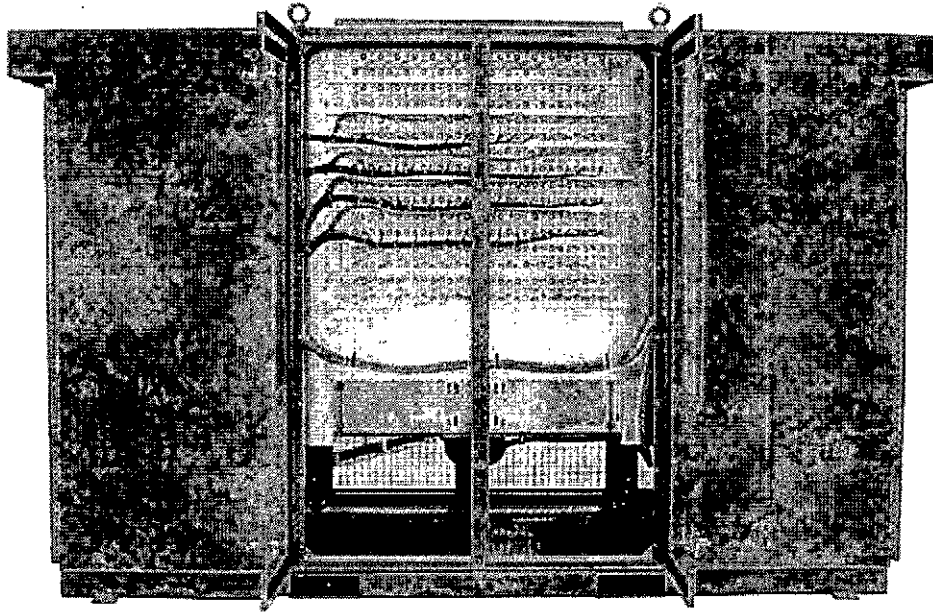
The Control System allows the operator to apply a desired load to the test source and measure the response of the test source to the load. This system also contains the circuitry utilized to disconnect the Load Bank from the test source in the event of cooling failures and/or improperly positioned operating controls. The Load Bank Control System components are located on the Local Main Logic Control Panel (CP1) printed circuit board.

Control power (120V) is supplied to the input of the 24VDC power supply (DCS) by one of the following methods:

1. control power transformer
2. line to neutral from the test source
3. external source



Control Section Interior

**Resistive Load Bank**

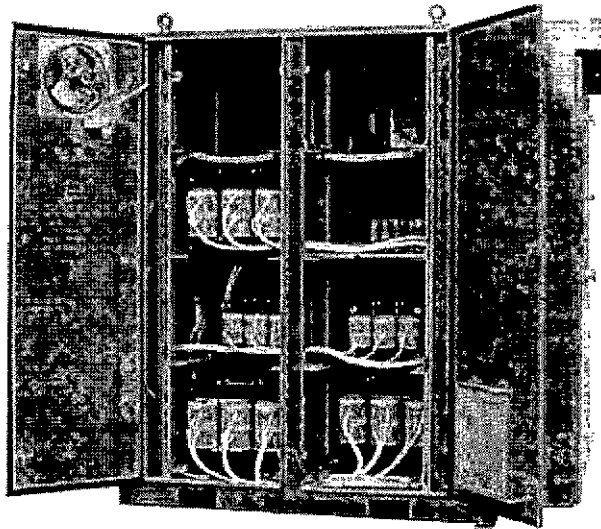
The 24VDC output of DCS is applied to the Local and Remote Main Logic Control panel circuit boards. 120V control power is applied to the coil of the Fan Motor Contactor (FMC) through terminal TB'A' 17 of the Main Logic Control Panel printed circuit board. Fan power is applied to the Fan Motor (MOT) through the Fan Circuit Breaker (FCB) and the Fan Motor Contactor (FMC) contacts.

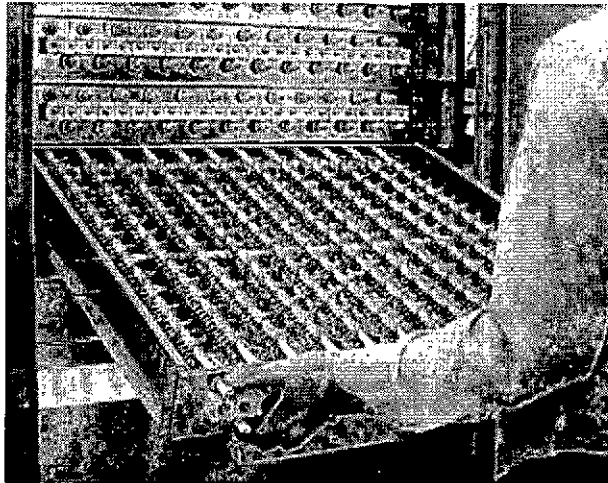
In Auto Mode only, the FMC and the MOT remain de-energized until the "Push to Run" pushbutton is depressed or the run contacts close.

COOLING SYSTEM

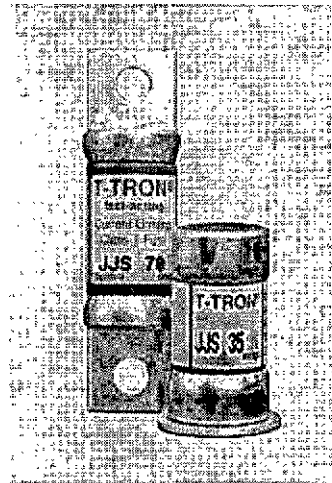
Resistive Load Elements are cooled by a forced air system consisting of an aluminum fan blade directly driven or belt driven by a TEFC motor, turning at approximately 1750 RPM at 60Hz (1488RPM at 50Hz). The fan motor is energized by a 600V, 3 pole contactor and protected by a three pole, 100A frame circuit breaker.

Reactive Load Elements (inductive or capacitive) are convection cooled or cooled by a forced air system. The forced air system consists of 12" fan shutter assemblies. The fans turn approximately 1550 RPM at 60Hz.

**Reactive Load Bank**



Resistive Load Elements



Fuses

LOAD SYSTEM

The Load System consists of independently controlled resistive and/or reactive load elements specifically designed for Load Bank systems. They are protected by 200,000AIC, 600VAC fuses.

Simplex Resistive Load Elements conservatively operate at approximately half the maximum temperature rating of the alloy (1080°F vs. 1920°F). For example:

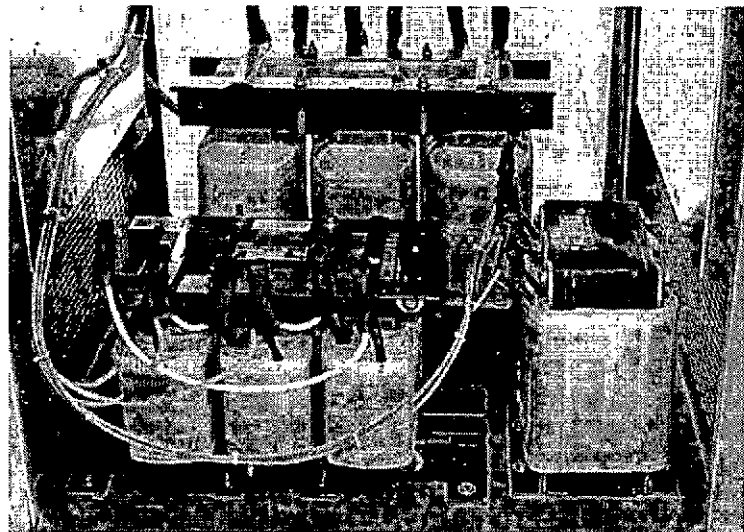
Alloy: FeCrAl

Ratings: 3333W @ 120V
4170W @ 139V

Connections: 120V wye (208V),
139V wye (240V, 3 ϕ),
277V wye (480V, 3 ϕ),
240 delta (240V, 3 ϕ), or
480 delta (480V, 3 ϕ).

See Parts Legend Drawing for specific elements used.

These elements are rigidly supported by high-temperature, ceramic-clad, stainless-steel supports. Element-to-element short circuits are virtually eliminated. The elements are assembled in discrete trays which are assembled in a vertical "stack". Each tray is independently serviceable without disturbing adjacent trays.



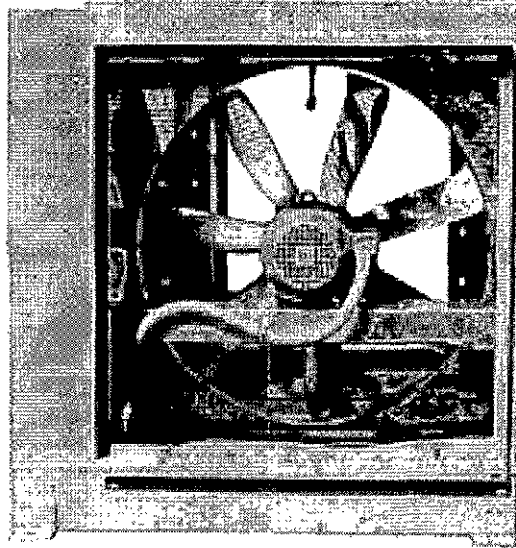
Reactive Load Elements

Reactive Load Elements are iron-core, non-saturable, air gap calibrated and air cooled. Standard elements have a temperature sensor embedded in the windings to detect element overheating and are varnish coated. Epoxy coatings are available for severe environments.

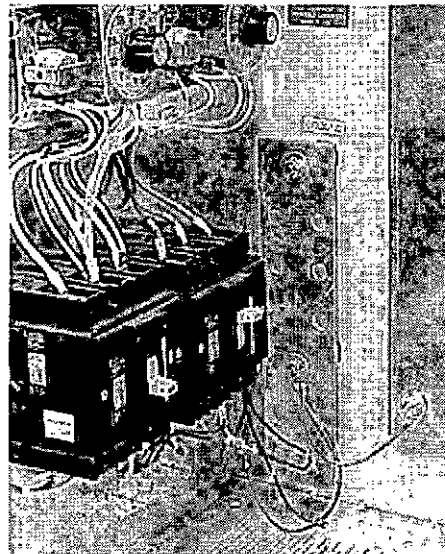
PRIMARY INSPECTION

Preventative visual inspections of the shipping crate and Load Bank is advised. Physical or electrical problems due to handling and vibration may occur. Never apply power to a Load Bank before performing this procedure. The following Nine Point/30 Minute Inspection is recommended before installation, as part of the 50 hour / 6 month maintenance schedule and whenever the Load Bank is relocated:

1. If crate shows any signs of damage examine the Load Bank in the corresponding areas for signs of initial problems.
2. Check the entire outside of the cabinet for any visual damage which could cause internal electrical or mechanical problems due to reduced clearance.
3. Inspect all hinged panels and doors for smooth and safe operation, try all latches and knobs.
4. Rotate and push all switches through all positions to ensure smooth operation.
5. Check cooling system by inspecting fan motor and blade. Slowly rotate blade by hand and note clearance of blade tip through its rotation near the housing. Observe free rotation of motor shaft.
6. Inspect all relays, timers, and control modules by opening all accessible panels. Make sure all components are secure in their bases and safety bails are in place. Spot check electrical connections for tightness. If any loose connections are found inspect and tighten all remaining connections.
7. Examine all accessible internal electrical components such as fuses, contactors and transformers. Check lugged wires at these components.



Cooling Fan



Control Section Components

8. Inspect bottom of crate/enclosure for any components that may have jarred loose during shipment such as indicator light lenses, switch knobs, etc.
9. Visually inspect element chamber for foreign objects, broken ceramic insulators, mechanical damage.

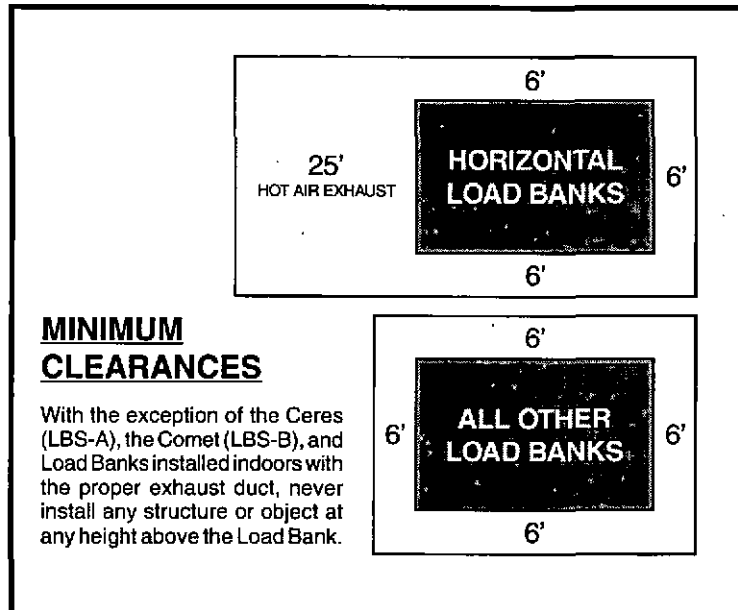
If any problems are observed during Primary Inspection call the Simplex Service Manager at 217-525-6995 (24hrs.)

INSTALLATION

LOCATION

Nema-3R Load Banks are intended for outdoor installation. Nema-1 Load Banks must be installed indoors. The load elements in this Load Bank are cooled by a forced air system which discharges through the top, sides or the back of the cabinet. This Load Bank will produce a large quantity of exhaust air. Location of the Load Bank is of prime importance and should be done by trained personnel. It is one of the most critical factors involved in safe operation. The Load Bank must be positioned and installed according to large airflow requirements.

- There must be a minimum clearance of 25 feet on the discharge side and 6 feet on all other sides for horizontal Load Banks. All other Load Banks require a minimum clearance of 6 feet on all sides.
- Load Banks installed indoors must be equipped with an exhaust air duct of minimum back pressure (supplied by others) which routes all Load Bank hot exhaust air outdoors.
- With the exception of the Ceres (LBS-A), the Comet (LBS-B), and Load Banks installed indoors with the proper exhaust duct, never install any structure or object at any height above the Load Bank.
- Always locate the Load Bank in a secure area accessible by trained personal only.
- Use the eyehooks and forklift channels provided to position the Load Bank.
- Never point the exhaust at a nearby surface or object which may be adversely affected by high temperature.



- Never operate the Load Bank in a confined space without regard for adequate intake of air and provision for exit of high temperature exhaust.
- Consider that the Load Bank and a nearby generator set may have to compete for cooling air.
- Never bounce hot exhaust air off nearby objects and allow it to recirculate through the cooling system.
- Never operate the Load Bank in proximity to a sprinkler system.

Failure to properly install this Load Bank may result in substantial damage to or the destruction of the Load Bank, adjacent equipment and the building in which the Load Bank is installed.

WARNING

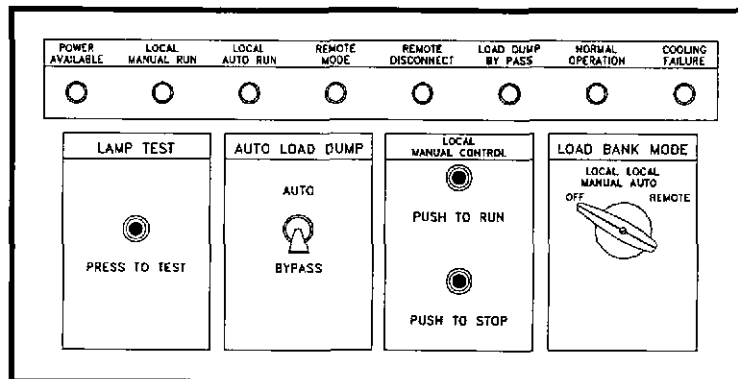
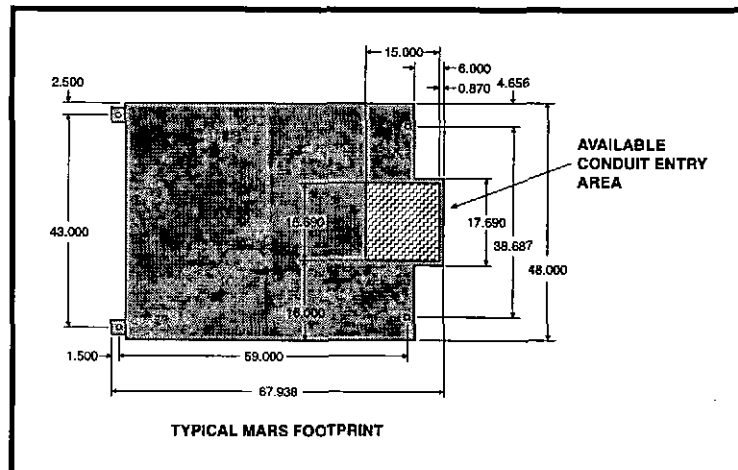
Damage to the Load Bank due to improper installation is not covered by the Simplex Warranty.

WARNING

Do not store or operate in rain or spray unless unit is designed for this service or adequate protection is provided.

PROCEDURE

1. Confirm the test source is properly grounded and ground the Load Bank to its own independent ground.
2. Confirm all load command switches are in the "Off" position.
3. Confirm the Fan Circuit Breaker (FCB) is in the "Off" position.
4. Per load connection drawings cable the load source to the Load Bank.
5. Connect customer supplied Load Dump contacts to TB'LD' 1-2 or place the "Load Dump Mode" switch in the "Bypass" position.
6. Place the Fan Circuit Breaker (FCB) in the "On" position.



OPERATION

1. Place the "Load Bank Mode" switch in the "Local Manual", "Local Auto" or "Remote" position.
2. Start-up generator or bring other test source on line.

If External Fan/Control Power is being used, depress the "Push to Run" pushbutton to energize the cooling fan before starting the generator to assure proper fan operation.

3. Adjust power source voltage and frequency.
4. Confirm the illumination of the "Power Available" lamp.
5. Press the "Push to Run" pushbutton to energize the cooling fan.

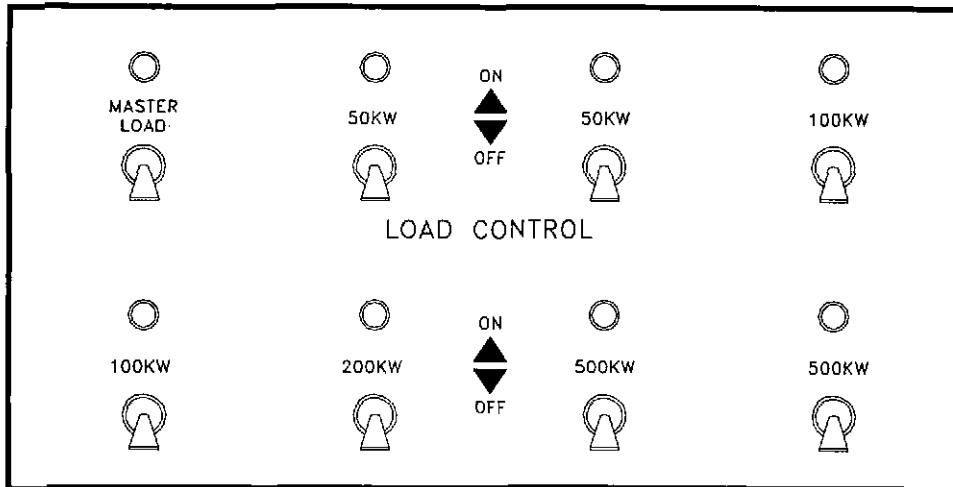
A false "Cooling Failure" lamp indication will be present until the cooling fan creates sufficient airflow to close the Fan Pressure Switch (PS). The "Normal Operation" lamp illuminates and control voltage is supplied to the "Master Load" switch. With voltage

WARNING

Do Not allow the Load Bank to operate unattended for extended periods.

supplied to the "Master Load" switch, the operator is now ready to apply load steps by programming the "Master Load" and load step switches.

6. Verify the illumination of the "Normal Operation" lamp before proceeding.
7. Visually observe correct fan operation and investigate any unusual fan related noises.
8. Check air intake for obstructions and confirm positive air flow.



MANUAL

9. Select the desired load steps by placing them in the "On" position.
10. Place the "Master Load" switch in the "On" position.

This simultaneously applies all of the load steps which are in the "On" position.

Trim is achieved by flipping the load steps "On" and "Off" while the "Master Load" is in the "On" position.

11. Adjust source voltage and load. Monitor as needed.

WARNING

If a failure occurs the corresponding lamp will illuminate and the load will be de-energized. Before reapplying a load, the failure must be corrected and the system must be reset by turning the Load Bank "Off" then "On".

AUTOMATIC

When the operator places the Load Bank in automatic mode the Current Sensing Relays and Time Delay Relays (CSR and TDR) automatically apply load as needed. These relays are factory set to maintain a minimum net load on the generator equalling the Load Bank rating. Time delay is set at 3 seconds. If necessary, these relays can be field adjusted. The following example illustrates how they function:

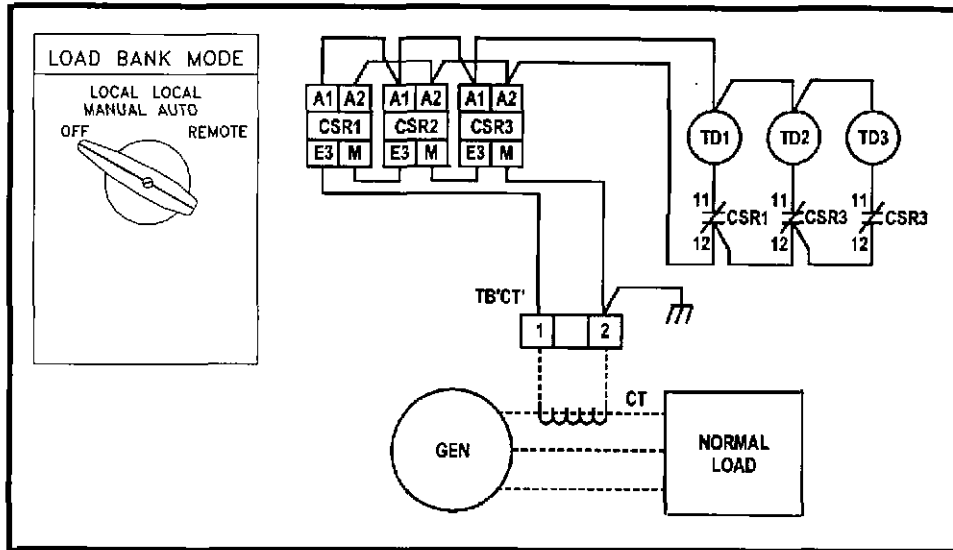
Example:

30KW Load Bank with three 10KW load steps

With normal load applied to the generator, equal to the Load Bank rating (30KW), no Load Bank load steps are energized.

Load Step #1 energizes when the normal load drops below 30KW after the time delay interval determined by TDR1.

Load Step #2 energizes when the normal load drops to 20KW after the time delay interval determined by TDR2.



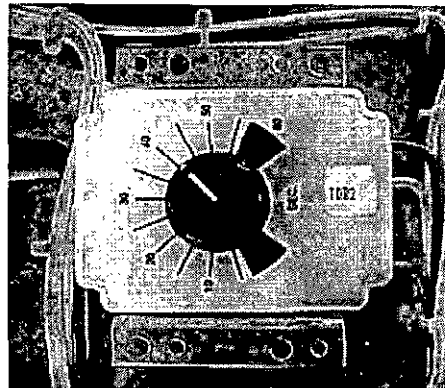
Load Step #3 energizes when the normal load drops to 10KW after the time delay interval determined by TDR3.

On the top of each Current Sensing Relay (CSR) dust cover there is an adjustment knob (3/4 turn potentiometer) with an arbitrary 0.05-1.0 scale. Turn the knob clockwise for a higher current pick-up point and counterclockwise for a lower current pick-up point.

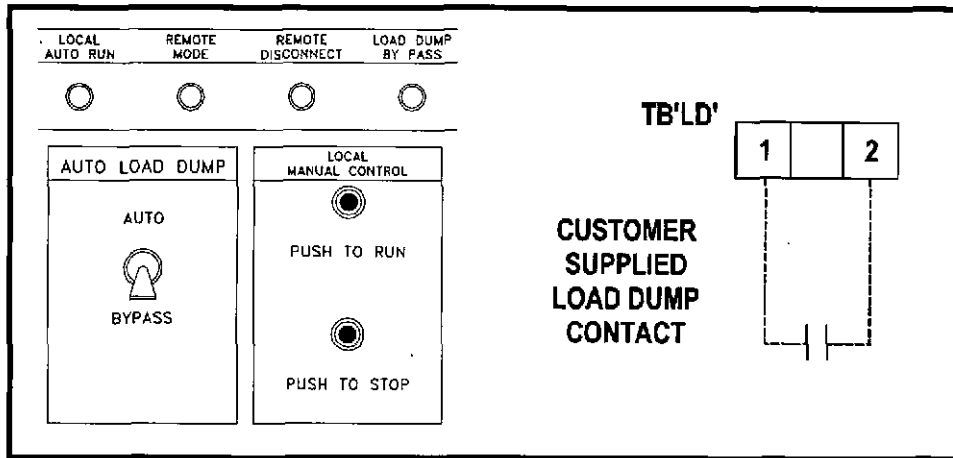
Planet Series Load Banks utilize 60 second and/or 30 second Time Delay Relays (TDR). On the top of each TDR there is an adjustment knob (one turn potentiometer). The 60 second relay is adjustable from 0-60 seconds. The 30 second relay is adjustable from .1 to 30 seconds. Follow the directions on the white stickers for each potentiometer to adjust the set points.

⚠ WARNING ⚠

If an automatic test is interrupted by a Load Bank failure, do not reset the Load Bank until the source of the failure has been determined.



60 Second TDR



LOAD DUMP

This Load Bank contains a Load Dump feature which de-energizes all applied load when customer supplied contacts open. Normally closed to run, they are rated at 2A @ 24VDC and should be wired to TB'LD' 1-2. When these contacts open all applied load will be de-energized and the load section will be disabled. If desired, the customer may install automatic transfer switch contacts, a manual pushbutton or circuit breaker for this use.

The operator also has the option of bypassing these contacts and enabling the load section by flipping the "Auto Load Dump" switch to the "Bypass" position. This disables the load dump feature and illuminates the "Load Dump Bypass" lamp.

SHUTDOWN

- 1 De-energize the load.
2. Run the cooling fan for 5 minutes to assure a thorough cool down of all load elements (optional).
3. Place the "Fan/Control Power" switch in the "Off" position or press the "Push to Stop" pushbutton.

! WARNING !

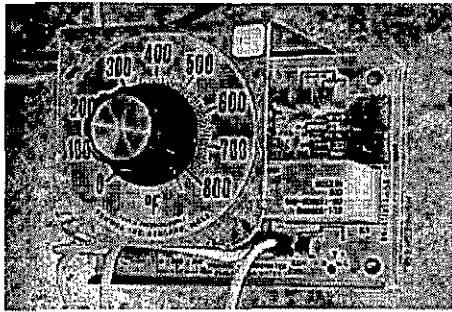
Always remove all power from the load bus and all fan/control power before servicing the Load Bank. Never operate or service a Load Bank that is not properly connected to an earthground.

FAILURE DETECTION

If a "Failure" occurs the corresponding lamp will illuminate and the load will be de-energized. Before reapplying a load, the failure must be corrected and the system must be reset by turning the Load Bank "Off" then "On".

This is a permissive/energize-to-run circuit in which all safety sensors must energize their control relays on normal operation before load can be applied. This system includes the following switches and relays:

1. Exhaust Temperature Switch (EXTS),
2. Pressure Switch (PS),
3. Intake Temperature Switch (INTS),
4. Cooling Failure Relay (CFR) and
5. Time Delay Relay (TDR).



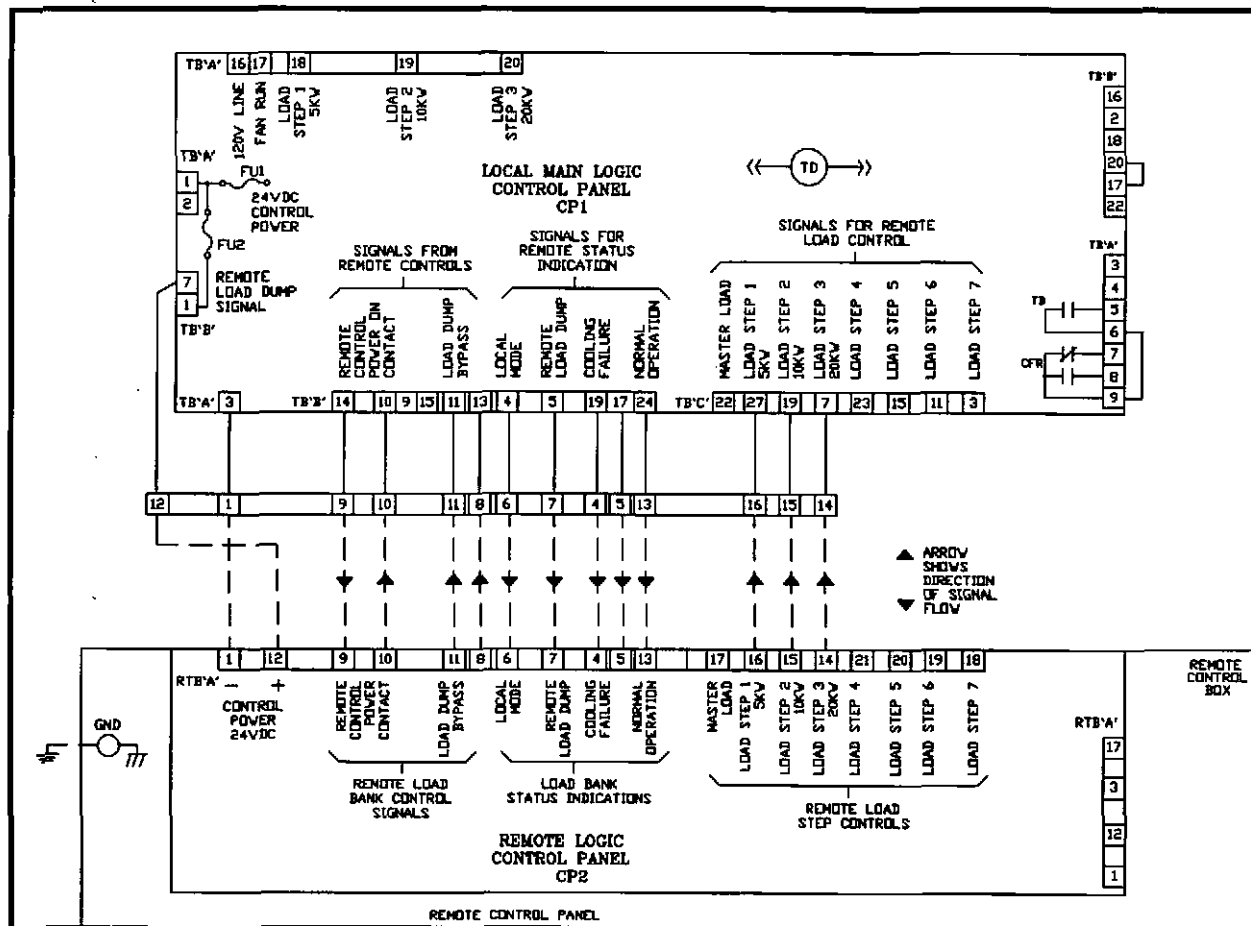
der normal operating conditions. Unusual operating conditions may require field adjustment. The setpoint of the Exhaust Temperature Switch (EXTS) may be changed by rotating the adjustment knob on the variable resistor. Consult the Simplex Service Department (217-525-6995 24hrs) before changing the temperature switch setpoint.

Thermocouple Temperature Switch

The exhaust temperature network consists of a type J thermocouple (TC) and a solid state thermocouple sensor (EXTS). The temperature switch has been factory adjusted for precise Load Bank over temperature protection un-

REMOTE/AUXILIARY OPERATION.

This Load Bank can be operated from a Remote Control Panel, supplied by Simplex or others, or any number of other devices including programmable controllers, personal, mini or mainframe computers, programmable timers, etc.



**WARNING**

Before attaching any remote auxiliary control device to the Load Bank consult the Simplex Service Department.

By supplying positive 24VDC signals (from the Load Bank DC supply only) to the Local Main Logic Control Panel the Load Bank operator is able to energize the cooling fan, apply load steps and monitor load bank failure systems from a remote control panel. The correct configuration of Load Bank Local and Remote Printed Circuit Board interconnections for remote control operation is shown in the illustration on the previous page.

Guidelines For A User Supplied Auxiliary Remote Load Bank Control Device

The device must have some means of switching 24VDC signals from the load bank power supply to the main printed circuit board (CP1) to control the load bank. The device should also have a means of monitoring 24VDC output signals from CP1 which annunciate Load Bank status and operation. 24VDC is supplied at terminals 1 (-) and 12 (+) of TB'RC' for this use.

To operate the Load Bank from any remote device the "Load Bank Mode" selector switch on the Local Control Panel must be placed in the "Remote" position. To energize the Load Bank cooling fan and control system the remote device must input a positive signal at Terminal 10 of TB'B'. To energize the load steps the device must input a positive signal on terminals 7, 19, 27, etc. Output signals from CP1 for Load Bank

annunciation of remote control, load dump, cooling failure and normal operation will appear at TB'B' Terminals 14, 5, 19, and 24 respectively. Do not use the Load Bank 24VDC power supply to power any other auxiliary devices. It must be used only as a source for supplying control signals to the Load Bank printed circuit board.

Before attaching any remote auxiliary control device to the Load Bank consult the Simplex Service Department.

MAINTENANCE

The Load Bank has been designed to require minimum maintenance. All components have been chosen for a long, reliable life. Two basic intervals of maintenance are required: each operation and every 50 hours or 6 months (whichever comes first).

EACH OPERATION

The air intake screens and louvers, fan and cooling chamber, and exhaust openings must be checked for any obstructions or foreign objects. Due to the high volume of air circulated, paper and other items can be drawn into the air intakes. During Load Bank operation insure that air is exiting from the top exhaust vent.

The load branches should be checked for blown fuses or opened load resistors. To check the fuses or load resistors, operate the Load Bank from a balanced 3-phase source and check the three line currents. The three current readings should be essentially the same. If a sizeable difference is noted one or more load fuses or load resistors may have malfunctioned.

**WARNING**

For continued safety and for maximum equipment protection, always replace fuses with one of equal rating only.

EVERY 50 HOURS OR 6 MONTHS

Check the tightness of the electrical connections. The expansion and contraction caused by Load Bank operation may result in loose connections. The vibrations caused by the cooling fan may also loosen electrical connections. If the Load Bank is transported "over the road", the electrical connections should be checked for tightness at a shorter-than-normal time interval. See "Primary Inspection".

MOTOR LUBRICATION

Most Load Bank direct drive cooling fan motors are permanently lubricated and sealed and do not require lubrication.

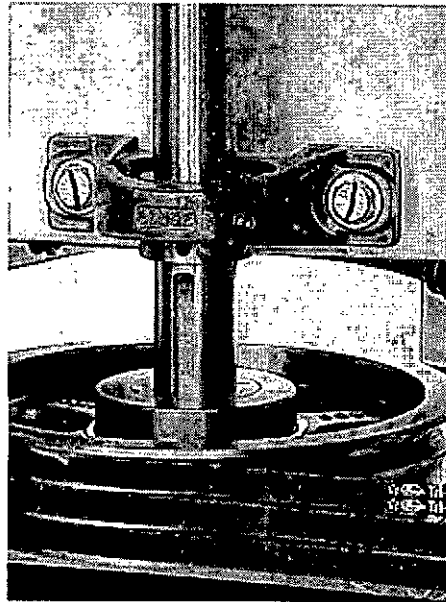
Inspect the fan motor supplied with your Load Bank for grease fittings. If the motor contains grease fittings you must lubricate the motor. Belt driven cooling fans have bearings which should be lubricated. Bearings should be lubricated every 50 hours of operation or 6 months whichever comes first.

The motor manufacturer recommends a two-year lubrication interval for motors used for normal, steady-running, light-duty, indoor loads, in relatively clean atmospheres.

Type of Grease

Use Westinghouse 5370IRY grease, unless a special grease is specified on the nameplate. Some equivalent greases are:

- Chevron SR1-2 - Standard Oil of California
- Premium RB ----- Texaco, Inc.
- Unirex N2 ----- Exxon
- Dolium R ----- Shell Oil Company
- Rykon Premium - American Oil



Shaft and Grease Fitting

GREASING REFERENCE TABLE

Shaft Diameter At Face of Bracket	Amount of Grease to Add
3/4" to 1 1/4"	1/8 cu.in. or 0.1 oz.
1 1/4" to 1 7/8"	1/4 cu.in. or 0.2 oz.
1 7/8" to 2 3/8"	3/4 cu.in. or 0.6 oz.
2 3/8" to 3 3/8"	2.0 cu.in. or 1.6 oz.

Procedure for Regreasing

When regreasing, stop the motor, remove the outlet plug and add the amount of grease suggested in the reference table. Use hand-lever gun only. Discontinue at once if grease appears at the outlet plug. This may occur before the specified amount of grease is used. Run the motor for about ten minutes before replacing the outlet plug.



Overgreasing is a major cause of bearing and motor failure. Also make sure dirt and contaminants are not introduced when adding grease.

TROUBLESHOOTING

This section is designed to aid the electrical technician in basic Load Bank system troubleshooting. All of the problems listed can be verified with a basic test meter and/or continuity tester. For safety reasons, when troubleshooting Load Bank systems always remove all test source power, fan/control power, anti-condensation heater power, etc.

COOLING FAN MOTOR WILL NOT OPERATE

1. Inoperative Fan Circuit Breaker (CB)
2. Fan/Control Power not available/incorrect
3. Inoperative Fan Motor (MOT)
4. Fan Motor Contactor (FMC) de-energized
5. Restriction of air (intake or exhaust)
6. Fan pressure switch inoperative

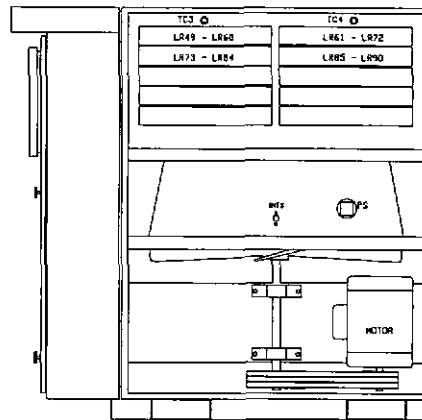
COOLING FAILURE INDICATED

Exhaust temp above EXTS setpoint:

1. Over temperature sensor failure
2. Fan failure
3. Air restriction (intake or exhaust)
4. Overvoltage condition present

Exhaust temp below EXTS setpoint:

1. Restriction of air (intake or exhaust)
2. Fan pressure switch inoperative
3. Overtemperature sensor failure



RIGHT SIDE VIEW
EXTERNAL PANELS REMOVED

TEST METERS DO NOT OPERATE PROPERLY

1. Meter voltage switch failure
2. Meter multiplier resistor inoperative
3. Improper positioning of meter voltage selector switch
4. Current transformer or current transformer wiring failure
5. Test meter failure
6. Meter fuses open

SOME LOAD STEPS CANNOT BE ENERGIZED

1. Inoperative load step switches
2. Open load step resistor(s)
3. Inoperative load step relays
4. Inoperative load step contactors
5. Open load step fuses

⚠ WARNING ⚠

When troubleshooting Load Bank systems always remove all test source power, fan/control power, anti-condensation heater power, etc.

DRAWINGS AND PARTS LIST

The drawings included in this manual are the most accurate source of part numbers for your Load Bank. When ordering replacement parts for Simplex Load Banks, always consult the Parts Drawing. When contacting the Simplex Service Department always have your work order and drawing number ready for reference. The Load Bank Specifications Sheet in the front of this manual lists all of the drawings included in this manual. The Work Order Number and the Drawing Numbers are also located on each drawing legend. *A typical drawing legend and parts list is illustrated below.*

SIMPLX®		SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS
SCALE :	APPROVED BY :	DRAWN BY : GB
DATE : 7/28/98		REVISED : 0
RESISTIVE LOAD BANK 2000KW, 480V, 3Ø, 60HZ		SATURN 2000 UL CONTROL SECTION
W.O. # 32711-98-43		DRAWING NUMBER 47B95558C

ITEM	QTY.	PART #	DESIG.	DESCRIPTION
1	120	47B95561	LR1-LR120	LOAD ELEMENTS PWR-WEB, 16,667W @ 480V
2	41	13012160	C1-C40 FMC	CONTACTOR 62A, 600V, 3POLE 120VAC COIL
3	4	14035500	CF1-CF4	FUSE 5A, 600V, 200KAIC
4	120	14086000	F1-F120	FUSE 70A, 600V, 200KAIC
5	2	15011500	[CF1-CF4]	FUSEBLOCK 30A, 600V, 2 POLE
6	1	24646020	MOT	MOTOR, 20HP, 3 PHASE 208-230/460VAC, TEFC 1800 RPM
7	1	13828000	[MOT]	FAN BLADE, 60" 50000CFM
8	1	12046340	FCB	FAN CIRCUIT BREAKER 100A FRAME, 50A TRIP, 3 POLE, 600V
9	1	25673000	TB'E'	TERMINAL BLOCK 30A, 600V, 24 LINE
10	1	25672000	TB'CP1' TB'LD' TB'CF' TB'CT' TB'PC'	TERMINAL BLOCK 30A, 600V, 15 LINE
11	2	25457000	T1, T2	TRANSFORMER, 1000VA 480/240: 240/120V
12	3	24771000	K1-K3	GENERAL PURPOSE RELAY 10A, 3PDT, 120VAC COIL
13	3	24891000	[K1-K3]	RELAY BASE 11 PIN SCREW TRM
14	1	25256500	PS	PRESSURE SWITCH, SPDT DIFFERENTIAL SENSING
15	1	25309650	INTS	INTAKE TEMP SWITCH SPST, OPENS @ 120 DEG F
16	4	25309560	EXTS1-4	EXHAUST TEMP SWITCH OPENS @ 75 DEG F ABOVE NORMAL OPERATING TEMP
17	4	25512400	TC1-4	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE J (FOR EXTS)

APPENDIX A - ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

Listed below are abbreviations of terms found on Simplex Load Bank Systems. When following a load bank drawing utilize this guide to define abbreviated system and component names. As this is a master list, drawings and text pertaining to your equipment may not contain all these terms.

AC -Alternating current	GFB -Ground fault breaker	OVR -Overvoltage relay-relay used in overvoltage failure system, located on relay sub-panel
AIC -Ampere interrupting current-maximum short circuit fault current a component can safely interrupt	GBTR -Ground breaker tripped relay	OLR -Overload relay-used for motor protection
AM -Ammeter	HVR -High voltage relay	OTR -Overtemperature relay-used in failure system
AMSW - Ammeter selector switch-selects any phase for current reading	Hz -Hertz-cycles per second, measurement of frequency	PF -Power factor-in resistive only loads expressed as unity (1.0), in inductive loads expressed as lagging, in capacitive loads expressed as leading
CF -Control fuse	IFCV -Incorrect fan/control voltage	PAR -Control power available relay-relay energized when control power is available
CFM -Cubic feet per minute-used to rate fan air flow capacity and load bank cooling requirement	INTS -Intake air temperature switch	PFM -Power factor meter
CFR -Cooling failure relay-normally energized relay in cooling failure subsystem	K -Relay coil/contact designation	PS -Pressure switch-switch used to detect fan failure
CPC -Control power contactor	KVA -Kilovolt amperes	RR -Reset relay
CPF -Control power fuse	KVAR -Kilovolt amperes-reactive	RTM -Running time meter-keeps time log of equipment use.
CT -Current transformer- used in metering circuits	KW -Kilowatts	TB -Terminal block
DC -Direct current	KWM -Kilowatt meter	TDR -Time delay relay-relay which times out before contacts change state
EXTS -Exhaust air temperature switch	KWT -Kilowatt meter transducer	TEFC -Totally enclosed, fan cooled-refers to motor enclosure
FCB -Fan circuit breaker-circuit breaker in series with fan control power	LM -Louver motor	TEAO -Totally enclosed, air-over-refers to motor enclosure
FCVR -Fan control voltage relay-normally energized relay on relay sub-panel	LMC -Louver motor contactor	UPS -Uninterruptable power source
FM -Frequency meter-monitors frequency of test source	LR -Load resistive element	V -Voltage
FMC -Fan motor contactor-controls power to fan motor	LX -Load reactive element	VSR -Voltage sensing relay
FMSW -Frequency meter switch	L1 -Line 1	XCB -Reactive load controlling circuit breaker
FPS -Fan power switch-used to energize cooling system	L2 -Line 2	
	L3 -Line 3	
	MCB -Main circuit breaker	
	MDS -Main Disconnect Switch	
	MF -Meter fuse	
	MLB -Main Load Bus	
	MOT -Motor	
	NEMA -National electrical manufacturer's association	
	ODP -Open, drip-proof-refers to motor enclosure	

APPENDIX B - CALCULATIONS & FORMULAS

The following calculations are used to determine the actual kilowatt load being applied by the Load Bank, when line voltages and currents are known (at 1.0 power factor).

3 Phase

1. Read all three line currents and find the average reading.
2. Read all three line-to-line voltages and find the average reading.
3. Multiply the average current times the average voltage.
4. Multiply the answer of step #3 times the square root of 3 (1.732).
5. Divide the answer of step #4 by 1000. The answer is the actual kilowatts of load being applied by the Load Bank.

Single Phase

1. Determine the line current.
2. Determine the line-to-line voltage.
3. Multiply the line current times the line-to-line voltage.
4. Divide the answer of step #3 by 1000.
5. The answer of step #4 is the actual kilowatts being applied by the load bank.

EXAMPLES

Using line voltages and currents:

3 Phase

Current Readings	Voltage Readings
A ₁ = 249A	V ₁₋₂ = 481V
A ₂ = 250A	V ₂₋₃ = 479V
A ₃ = 254A	V ₃₋₁ = 483V

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Average Current} &= \frac{A_1 + A_2 + A_3}{3} \\ &= \frac{249+250+254}{3} \\ &= 251A \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Average Voltage} &= \frac{V_{1-2} + V_{2-3} + V_{3-1}}{3} \\ &= \frac{481 + 479 + 483}{3} \\ &= 481V \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kilowatts} &= \frac{\text{Volts} \times \text{Amps} \times 1.732}{1000} \\ &= \frac{481 \times 251 \times 1.732}{1000} \\ &= 209.1KW \end{aligned}$$

Single Phase

Current Reading: 150A Voltage Reading: 240V

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kilowatts} &= \frac{\text{Volts} \times \text{Amps}}{1000} \\ &= \frac{150 \times 240}{1000} \\ &= 36.1KW \end{aligned}$$

The following calculations are used to determine the amount of current when the desired amount of kilowatts is applied at 1.0 power factor.

3 Phase

1. Multiply the desired amount of kilowatts to be applied by 1000.
2. Multiply the operating voltage times the square root of 3 (1.732)
3. Divide the answer of step #1 by the answer of step #2.
4. The answer of step #3 is the average line current with the desired kilowatts applied at 1.0 power factor.

Single phase

1. Multiply the desired amount of kilowatts to be applied by 1000.
2. Divide the answer of step #1 by the operating voltage.
3. The answer of step #2 is the average line current with the desired amount of kilowatts applied at 1.0 power factor.

The following calculations are used to determine a step kilowatt rating at other than a rated voltage. This is accomplished by referencing the load step to a KW value at a known voltage.

1. Determine the new unrated operating voltage.
2. Divide the new operating voltage by the reference voltage.
3. Square the answer of step #2.
4. Multiply the answer of step #3 times the reference kilowatt value of the load step which the new kilowatt rating is desired.
5. The answer of step #4 is the kilowatt rating of the load step at the new voltage.

EXAMPLES

When desired amount of kilowatts is applied at 1.0 PF:

3 Phase

Applied: 50KW Operating Voltage: 480V

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Amperage} &= \frac{\text{KW} \times 1000}{\text{Volts} \times 1.732} \\ &= \frac{50 \times 1000}{480 \times 1.732} \\ &= \frac{50,000}{831.36} \\ &= 60.1 \end{aligned}$$

Single Phase

Applied: 25KW Operating Voltage: 240V

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Amperage} &= \frac{\text{KW} \times 1000}{\text{Volts}} \\ &= \frac{25 \times 1000}{240} \\ &= \frac{25,000}{240} \\ &= 104.2 \end{aligned}$$

Determining step KW at other than rated voltage:

Applied: 80KW Operating Voltage: 450V
 Rated Voltage: 480V

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Step KW} &= (\text{Oper. Volt.} \div \text{Rated Volt.})^2 \times \text{Applied KW} \\ &= (450 \div 480)^2 \times 80 \\ &= .9375^2 \times 80 \\ &= 70.3 \end{aligned}$$

FORMULAS

		<u>Alternating Current</u>	<u>Direct Current</u>
Kilowatts	1 phase	$\frac{\text{Volts} \times \text{Amps} \times \text{PF}^*}{1000}$	$\frac{\text{Volts} \times \text{Amps}}{1000}$
	3 phase	$\frac{1.732 \times \text{Volts} \times \text{Amps} \times \text{PF}^*}{1000}$	
*Power Factor, expressed as decimal. (Resistive Load Bank PF is 1.0)			
Amperes <i>(KW known)</i>	1 phase	$\frac{\text{KW} \times 1000}{\text{Volts} \times \text{PF}}$	$\frac{\text{KW} \times 1000}{\text{Volts}}$
	3 phase	$\frac{\text{KW} \times 1000}{1.732 \times \text{Volts} \times \text{PF}}$	
KVA	1 phase	$\frac{\text{Volts} \times \text{Amps}}{1000}$	
	3 phase	$\frac{1.732 \times \text{Volts} \times \text{Amps}}{1000}$	
Amperes <i>(KVA known)</i>	1 phase	$\frac{\text{KVA} \times 1000}{\text{Volts}}$	
	3 phase	$\frac{\text{KVA} \times 1000}{1.732 \times \text{Volts}}$	
KVAR	1 phase	$\frac{\text{Volts} \times \text{Amps} \times \sqrt{1-\text{PF}^2}}{1000}$	
	3 phase	$\frac{1.732 \times \text{Volts} \times \text{Amps} \times \sqrt{1-\text{PF}^2}}{1000}$	

ITEM QTY	PART #	DESIG.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM QTY	PART #	DESIG.	DESCRIPTION
1	156	24295500 47B120395	LRI-LR156 LOAD ELEMENTS 4157V @ 139V POWER-WEB	18	1	25256500	PS PRESSURE SWITCH, SPDT DIFFERENTIAL SENSING
2	1	13013100	FMC CONTACTOR 35A, 600V, 3 POLE 120VAC COIL	19	1	25309650	INTS INTAKE TEMP SWITCH SPST, OPENS @ 120 DEG F
3	13	13021500	CI-C13 CONTACTOR 65A, 600V, 3 POLE 120VAC COIL	20	1	25309560	EXTS EXHAUST TEMP SWITCH OPENS @ 75 DEG F ABOVE NORMAL OPERATING TEMP
4	2	14035500	CF1-CFE FUSE 5A, 600V, 200KAIC	21	AR	25512400	TC THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE J (FDR EXTS)
5	1	14015000	CF3 FUSE 2A, 600V, 200KAIC	22	1	24950007	DLC-100 UNIVERSAL LOAD BANK CONTROLLER, 10-STAGE 6-INPUTS, 14-OUTPUTS
6	39	14056000	F1-F39 FUSE 70A, 600V, 200KAIC	23	1	24950005	[DLC-100] LOCAL USER INTERFACE MODULE
7	1	15010000	[CF3] FUSEBLOCK 30A, 600V, 1 POLE	24	1	-----	REMOTE USER INTERFACE MODULE
8	1	15011500	[CF1-2] FUSEBLOCK 30A, 600V, 2 POLE	25	2	24166000	[DLC-100 REMOTE] CONTROL KEYPAD SELF-ADHESIVE NAMEPLATE MEMBRANE SWITCH
9	1	24646000	MOT MOTOR, SHP, 3 PHASE 208-230/460VAC, TEFC 1800 RPM	26	AR	25554600	[DLC-100 REMOTE] RS-485 COMM. CABLE #16AWG, SHIELDED TWISTED PAIR
10	1	13826000	[END] FAN BLADE, 28" 12500CFM	27	2	78044650	MLB MAIN LOAD BUS 0.250" X 3.000" X 30.500"
11	1	12346300	FCB FAN CIRCUIT BREAKER 300A FRAME, 15A TRIP 3 POLE, 600V	28	2	78044660	MLB MAIN LOAD BUS 0.250" X 3.000" X 34.750"
12	1	256670000	TB'CP1' TERMINAL BLOCK 30A, 600V, 6 LINE	29	2	75044670	MLB MAIN LOAD BUS 0.250" X 3.000" X 39.000"
13	1	25670000	TB'CP' TERMINAL BLOCK 30A, 600V, 12 LINE	30	3	78063653	[MLB] NEMA BUS CONNECTOR 0.250" X 4.000" X 10.500"
14	1	25671000	TB'CT' TERMINAL BLOCK 30A, 600V, 15 LINE TB'CT' TB'LP'	31	1	478063191	GND GROUND BUS 0.250" X 3.000" X 18.250"
15	2	25457000	T1 TRANSFORMER, 1000VA 480/240/120V	32	6	15400000	[MLB] ISOLATOR 2.750"
16	1	24827790	DLR OVERLOAD RELAY 3 POLE, 600V 6-18A ADJUSTABLE	33	1	-----	CT: CURRENT TRANSFORMER 1500:5A, MODEL-125 6.31" WINDOW DIAMETER ITI 125-152
17	1	25317000	DSW DISCONNECT SWITCH 3P-40A, 480V, 20 HP				

DSR 5/A 4452

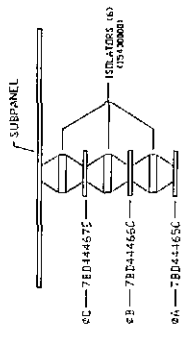
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RENUMBERED ITEMS #10-34

SIMPLX
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

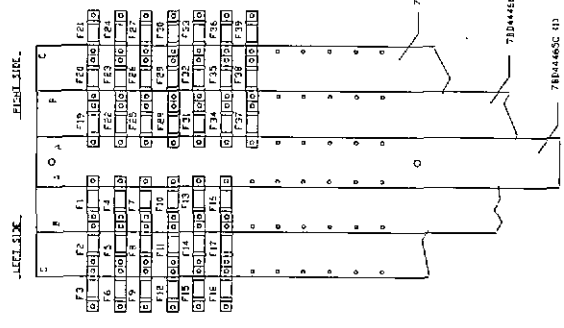
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DRAWN BY: [blank]
CHECKED BY: [blank]

REVISED LOAD BANK
650KW 480V 3P 60HZ
LEGEND
W.O. # 47265-01-43
470120392A

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TOP VIEW
200-8557



800-534-4452

SIMPLIX

SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

DATE: 7-28-01

DESIGNED BY: [blank]

DRAWN BY: [blank]

REVISED BY: [blank]

PROJECT NO: 511K

DESCRIPTION: NORTH STAR V.I. SUBPANEL LAYOUT

W.O. # 47585-01-43

DATE: 7/28/01

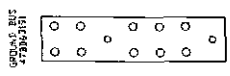
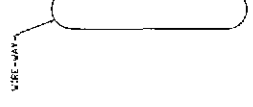
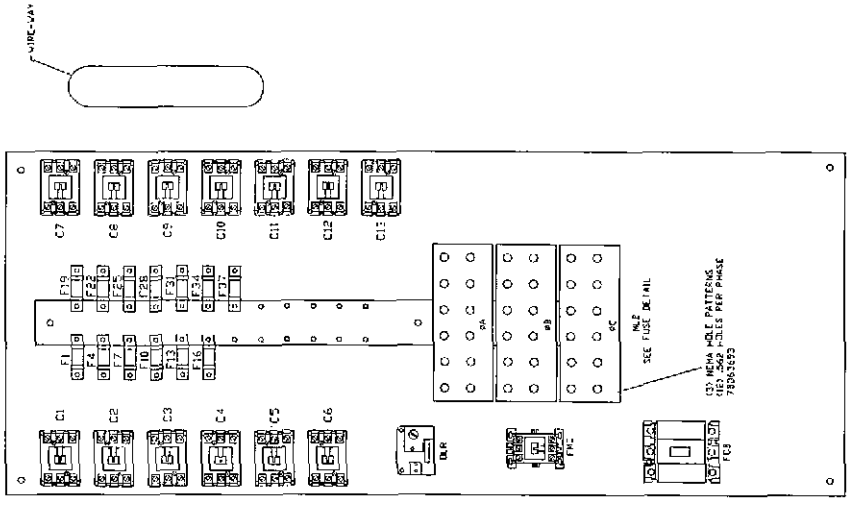
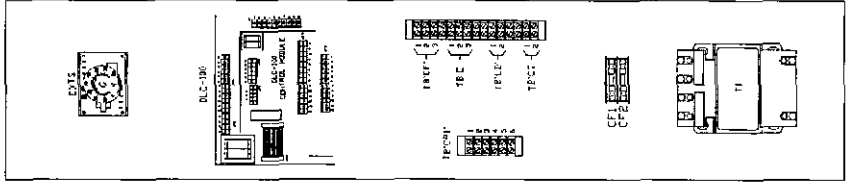
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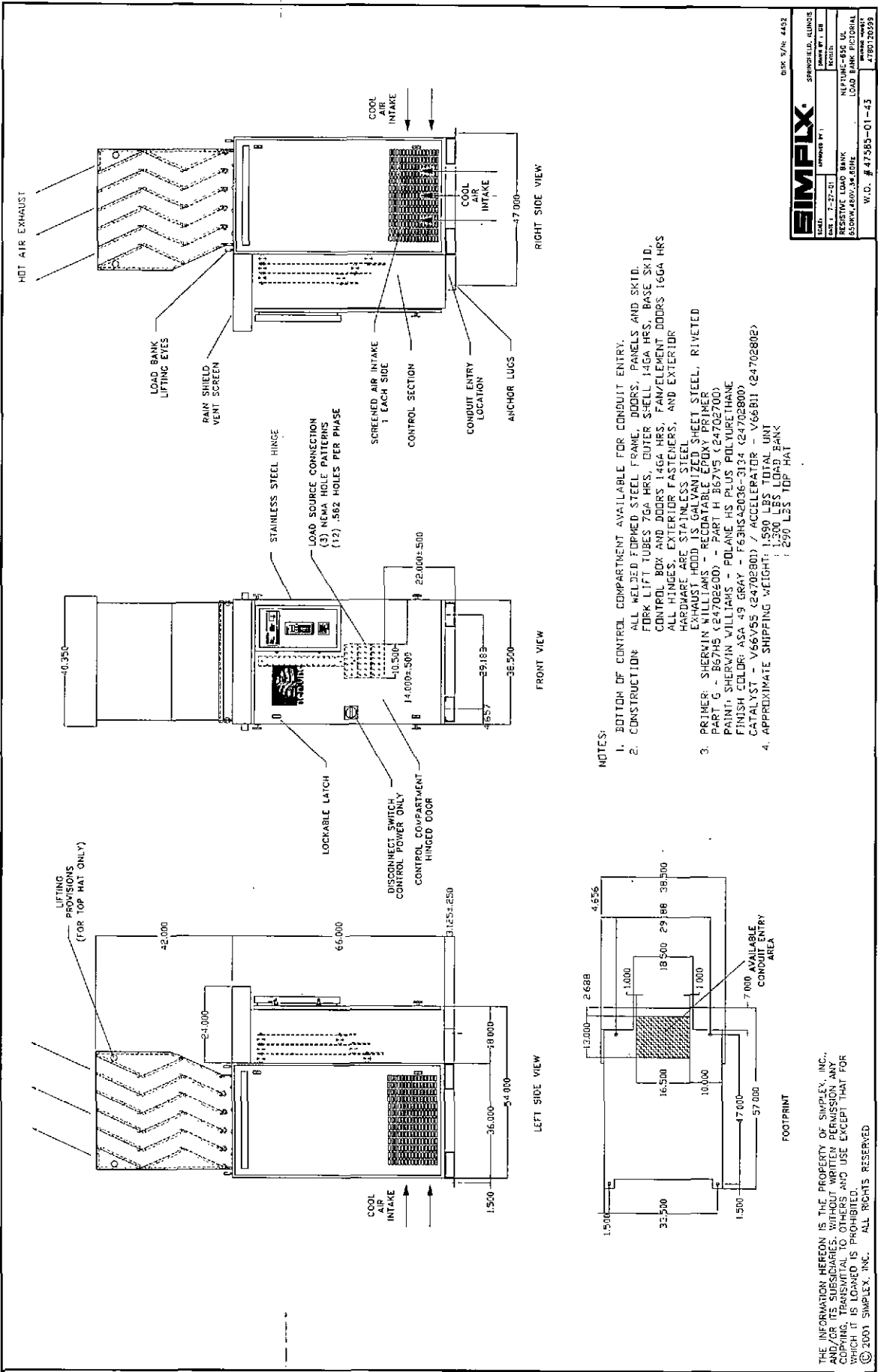
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7804466C (D)



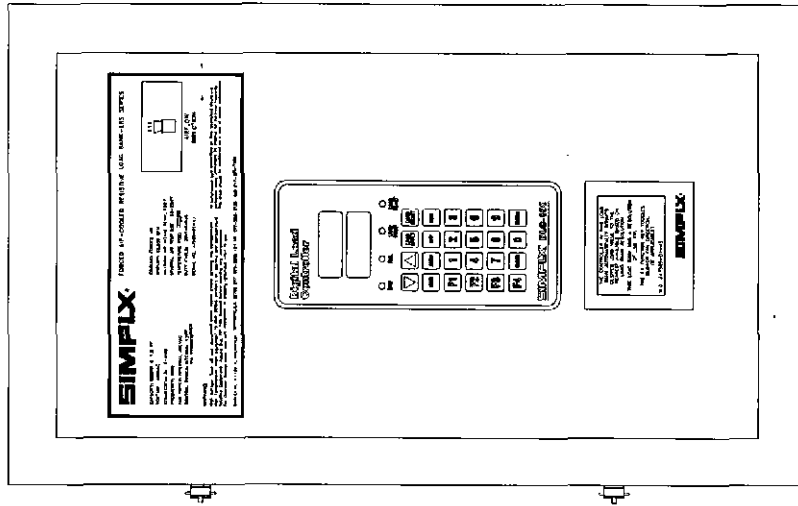
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- NOTES:
1. BOTTOM OF CONTROL COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE FOR CONDUIT ENTRY.
 2. CONSTRUCTION: ALL WELDED FORMED STEEL FRAME, DOORS, PANELS AND SKID. FIBER LIFT TUBES 76A HES, OUTER SHELL 146A HES, BASE SKID. CONTROL BOX AND DOORS 146A HES, FAN/VENT DOORS 166A HES. ALL HIGLES, EXTERIOR FASTENERS, AND EXTERIOR FASTENERS ARE STAINLESS STEEL. EXHAUST HOOD IS GALVANIZED SHEET STEEL, RIVETED.
 3. PRIMER: SHERWIN WILLIAMS - REGDATABLE EPOXY PRIMER
PART G - B57H5 (24702600) - PART H B57V5 (24702700)
PAINT: SHERWIN WILLIAMS - PDLANE HS PLUS POLYURETHANE
FINISH COLOR: ASA 49 GRAY - F63HS (2036-3124) (24702800)
CATALYST - V66V55 (24702800) / ACCELERATOR - V66B11 (24702800)
 4. APPROXIMATE SHIPPING WEIGHT: 1,590 LBS TOTAL UNIT
1,300 LBS LOAD BANK
290 LBS TOP HAT

DRAWING NO.		47585-01-43	
PROJECT		LOAD BANK	
W.D. #		478072038	
SIMPLIX			
DATE	BY	APPROVED	PROJECT
7-27-01			NEPTUNE-038 UC
RESISTIVE LOAD BANK		LOAD BANK	
500KVA/600/3K/300V		LOAD BANK	

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LOCAL CONTROL PANEL

DEK 5/74 4452

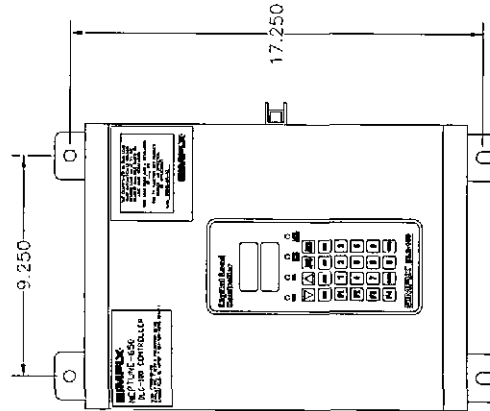
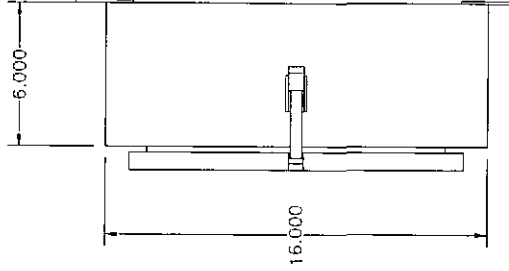
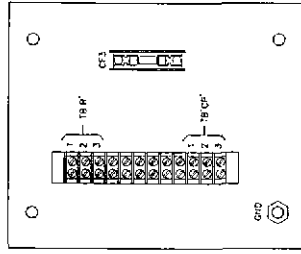
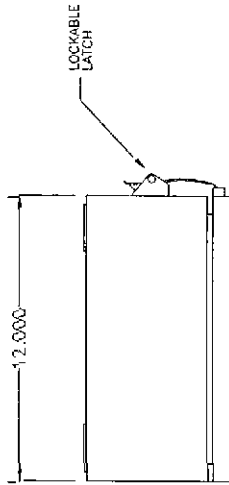
SIMPLIX
 SIMPLIX LTD. LONDON

Part No. 108
 Date: 12-28-73

RESISTIVE LOAD BANK
 LOCAL CONTROL PANEL

W.O.# 47585-01-13 47ED120400

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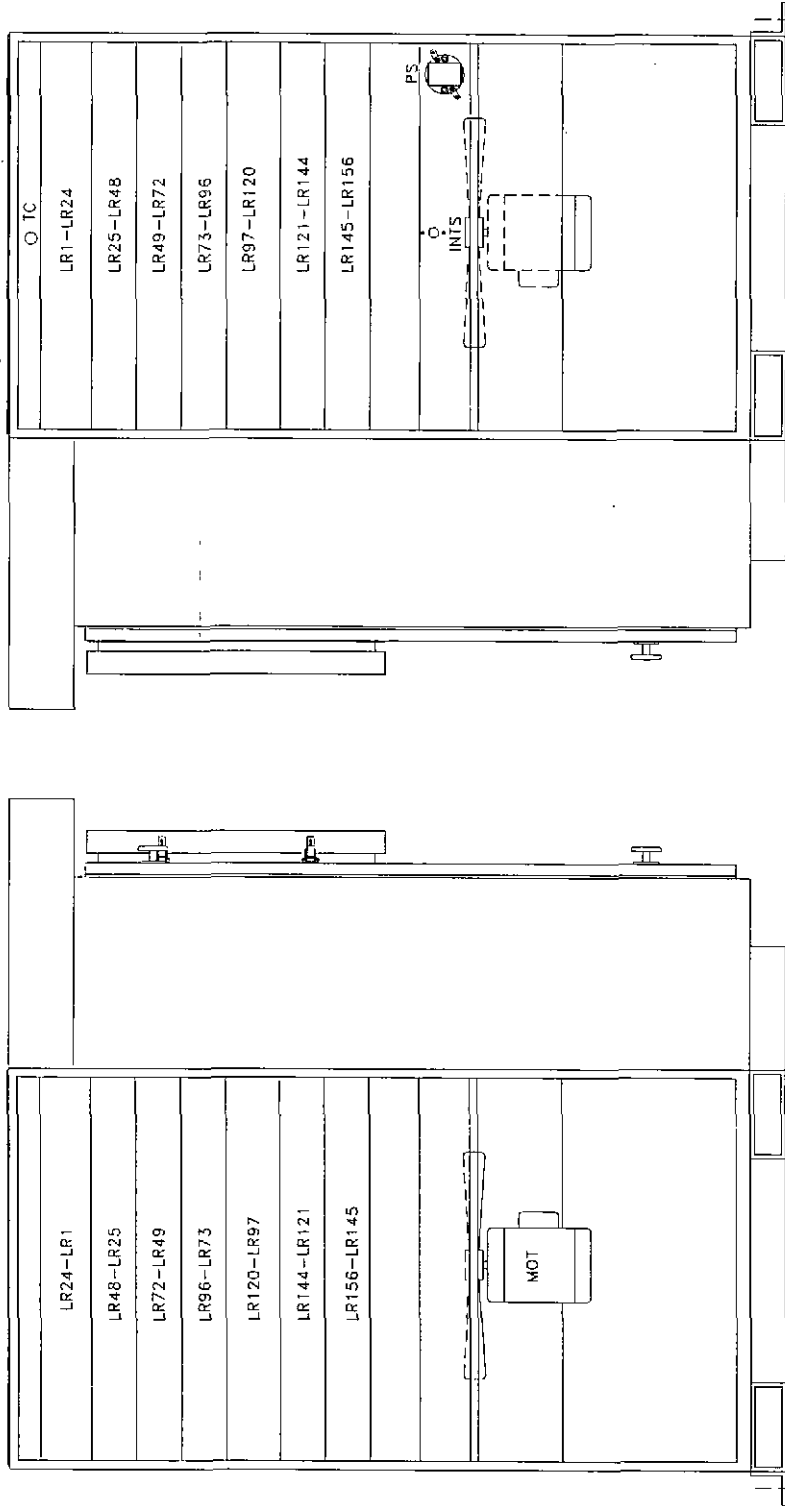
MOVED DLC KEY PAD TO CENTER OF THE CONTROL DOOR		DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
SIMPLEX		DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
APPROVED BY: [Signature]	APPROVED BY: [Signature]	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
PROJECT: [Blank]	PROJECT: [Blank]	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
RESISTIVE LOAD BANK	RESISTIVE LOAD BANK	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
850KW, 480V, 3, 60Hz	850KW, 480V, 3, 60Hz	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
REPTLINE-550 UL	REPTLINE-550 UL	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
REMOTE PANEL	REMOTE PANEL	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
W.O.# 47589-01-43	W.O.# 47589-01-43	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]
47589-01-43	47589-01-43	DATE: 7-27-01	BY: [Signature]

- NOTES:
1. REMOTE IS NEAR-1.
 2. FOR BOX CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, SEE DWG: 18BD105873C.
 3. CONTROL DOOR DWG: 18BD116271.
 4. FINISH: RECESSED LATCH AND HANDLE. FINISH: POLYURETHANE AS-148 GRAY.

(CONTROLS LOCATED ON COVER DOOR)

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LEFT SIDE

RIGHT SIDE

DISK S/H 452

SIMPLX

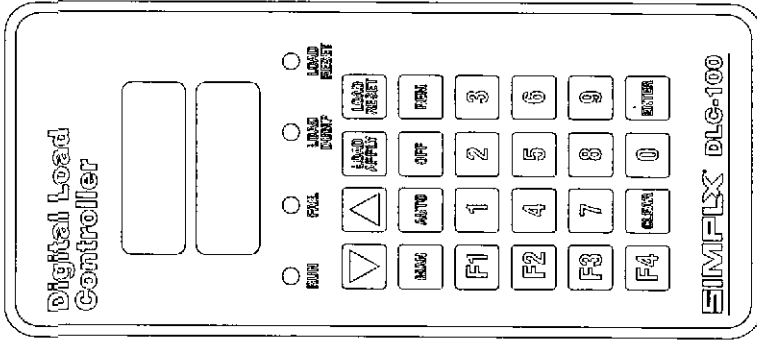
SPRINGFIELD, ALABAMA

SCALE: 1/2"=1'-0"	REVISED BY: 1	DATE: 11-1-68
DESIGNED BY: 1	APPROVED BY: 1	DATE: 11-1-68

RESISTIVE LOAD BANK
SERIAL-8532-802E
W.O.F. 47535-01-43

NET WEIGHT-650 LB
LOAD 1754
STAMP NUMBER
57801204C2

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SIMPLX

FUSE REPLACEMENT CHART

CF1-CF2: 5A, 600V, 200KAIC
FNG-R-5

CF3(REMOTE): 2A, 600V, 100KAIC
K1K-2

F1-F39: 70A, 600V, 200KAIC
JJS-70

NEPTUNE-650 UL
W.O.# 47585-01-43
MEM-2R

SIMPLX

THE CONTROLLER IN THIS LOAD BANK AUTOMATICALLY ROUNDS DESIRED LOAD VALUE TO THE NEAREST AVAILABLE BASED ON LOAD BANK RESOLUTION.

THIS LOAD BANK HAS A RESOLUTION OF 50 KW.

THE F1 FUNCTION KEY TOGGLES BLOWER FAN DIRECTION. (IF APPLICABLE)

W.O. #47585-01-43

SIMPLX

FORCED AIR-COOLED RESISTIVE LOAD BANK-LBS SERIES

CAPACITY: 650KW @ 1.0 PF
VOLTAGE: 480VAC
CONNECTION: 3Ø, 3-WIRE
FREQUENCY: 60HZ
FAN POWER: INTERNAL 480VAC
CONTROL POWER: INTERNAL 200V VIA TRANSFORMER

COOLING: FORCED AIR
AIRFLOW: 12,500 CFM
MAXIMUM AIR INTAKE TEMP.: 120°F
NOMINAL AIR TEMP RISE: 156-250°F
TEMPERATURE RISE: $\frac{1000000}{\text{AIRFLOW}}$

DUTY CYCLE: CONTINUOUS
SERIAL NO. 47585-01-43

WARNING
High Voltage: Turn off and disconnect power source before opening any compartment. High Voltage is present in this compartment.
Resisting Equipment: Ensure that fan has stopped before opening any compartment.
For Operator Safety: Make sure this equipment is properly grounded when in use.

2# compression type connections on fuse block load banks and 1# compression type connection on resistor load bank. This check should be included as a part of routine maintenance.

AIRFLOW DIRECTION

SIMPLEX, INC. • 1139 N. MACARTHUR • SPRINGFIELD, IL 62702 217-525-6995 • 24 HR. 217-528-3130 • FAX 217-525-7984

SIMPLX

NEPTUNE-650
DLC-100 CONTROLLER

W.O.# 47585-01-43
SIMPLEX, INC. 1139 N. MACARTHUR BLVD.
SPRINGFIELD, IL 62702 217-525-6995 (24HR.)

DIRK SYN 4552

SIMPLX		SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS
DATE: 7-27-01	APPROVED BY:	DATE: 8-1-01
RESISTIVE LOAD BANK	RESISTIVE LOAD BANK	RESISTIVE LOAD BANK
ESD# 47585-01-43	ESD# 47585-01-43	ESD# 47585-01-43
W.O.# 47585-01-43	W.O.# 47585-01-43	W.O.# 47585-01-43

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